PGP(R) Desktop Version 10.1 for Windows Release Notes

Thank you for using this PGP Corporation product. These Release Notes contain important information regarding this release of PGP Desktop for Windows. PGP Corporation strongly recommends you read this entire document.

PGP Corporation welcomes your comments and suggestions. Please use the information provided in Getting Assistance to contact us.

Product: PGP Desktop for Windows
Version: 10.1.2

Warning: Export of this software may be restricted by the U.S. government.

Note: To view the most recent version of this document, please go to the Documentation section on the PGP Support Portal.

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- About PGP Desktop
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About PGP Desktop for Windows

PGP Desktop is a security tool that uses cryptography to protect your data against unauthorized access.

Changes in This Release

This section lists the changes and new features in this release of PGP Desktop.

Changes between 10.1.2 and 10.1.1

- Resolved an issue that prevented users from accessing the PGP BootGuard screen to authenticate Windows systems. [28338]
- Resolved the issue where files were corrupted if a file with hard links was shredded when emptying the Windows Recycle bin. [29706]

Changes between 10.1.1 and 10.1.0

- Resolved a conflict between PGP Desktop and the Windows Xperf tool from the Windows Performance Toolkit. [28564]
- Resolved the issue where PGP NetShare could corrupt Microsoft Office 2007 files on Microsoft Windows 7 systems. [28664]
- Made improvements to PGP Desktop when sending email using IBM Lotus Notes. [28648]
- Resolved an issue between PGP Desktop for Windows (when single sign-on is used) and certain Intel Wireless drivers. [28169]
- Addressed an issue when using PGP Desktop for Windows and PCMCIA SD cards. [26790]
- Improved how PGP Desktop for Windows handles multi packet signed messages. [28821]
- Resolved a conflict between PGP Whole Disk Encryption and Microsoft System Center Configuration Manager. [28821]
Enhanced the content of email Non Delivery Reports from PGP Desktop. [28595]
Added the ability to customize the LDAP enrollment screen for PGP Desktop for Windows. [28976]

What's New in PGP Desktop for Windows Version 10.1

Building on PGP Corporation's proven technology, PGP Desktop 10.1 for Windows includes numerous improvements and the following new features.

General
- The SafeNet 330 smart card has been added for both pre- and post-boot authentication.

Messaging
- Improvements have been made to annotations. In a PGP Universal Server-managed environment, your administrator can now specify where the email annotation will be, such as end of message rather than wrapped around the message.
- Improvements have been made to the Encrypt and Sign buttons for Microsoft Outlook (MAPI) email. In addition, your administrator may have specified the default states for the Encrypt and Sign buttons, if they are enabled. You can choose to override the default state specified by your administrator by toggling the buttons.
- You can now protect sent message copies for IMAP accounts (available for standalone installations only) to provide additional security so you can protect sensitive emails that you have sent using your IMAP account. Choose to Encrypt, Encrypt and Sign, or Sign Only messages as they are copied to your IMAP Sent Items mailbox.
- In a managed environment, your PGP Universal Server administrator can set policy to enable you to decide if you want to perform signature verification on email messages. If enabled, a new button and/or menu option appears in your Microsoft Outlook or Lotus Notes email client. The button or option will be in the default state set by your administrator but you can choose to override this setting.
- In a managed environment, your PGP Universal Server administrator may have specified certain PGP Notifier settings (for example, whether notifications are to be displayed or the location of the notifier).
- X.509 certificates included in an S/MIME email message sent to you can now be imported to your key ring. The same settings you have specified when public keys are found apply to these certificates. If specified, PGP Desktop extracts and then imports the X.509 certificate to your keyring. If you want to encrypt email using imported certificates, be sure to manually sign the certificate.
- In a managed environment, your PGP Universal Server administrator may have specified a setting so that additional information is included in the Non-Delivery Receipt when a message is blocked. If PGP Desktop is unable to find a key for one or more of the recipients in a group list, the email addresses are listed in the Error Details of the Non-Delivery Receipt.

PGP NetShare
- Improvements made to PGP NetShare so that when blacklists have been defined by the PGP Universal Server administrator, wildcard characters are now supported as well as blacklists are honored when PGP Tray is unavailable. In addition, invalid blacklist entries are skipped.
- A new column is now displayed in the Access List section to display the user’s User type (role).
- The PGP NetShare command line is now available able to run in standalone mode, so you can perform PGP NetShare-related tasks on servers and other file stores without the PGP NetShare client installed on the system. For more information, refer to the PGP NetShare Command Line User’s Guide.

PGP Portable
- You can now require that the user of the PGP Portable Disk change the passphrase on first use (the first time the user inserts the device into the system. This option is useful if you plan to create several PGP Portable Disks to be handed out, such as at a conference or trade show.
- A link for More Info is now available on the PGP Portable dialog box displayed when you access data on the device. Your browser launches and the PGP Corporation Support site page is displayed.
- You can now view available disk space and total size of the PGP Portable Disk once the disk has been mounted. When you move your cursor over the task bar item for a few seconds, the PGP Notifier message appears and displays the mount status of the PGP Portable Disk as well as the updated disk space information.
PGP Remote Disable & Destroy (PGP RDD)

- PGP Remote Disable & Destroy utilizing Intel® Anti-Theft Technology addresses the need to keep data secure in mobile environments, and comply with increasingly stringent regulations in data security and privacy. With PGP RDD, your PGP Universal Server administrator can remotely disable your laptop, and/or disable access to data if the laptop is lost or stolen and perform secure decommission of laptops.

PGP Whole Disk Encryption

- If your Microsoft Windows system supports the Intel® Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Instructions (AES-NI), your system is encrypted and decrypted using the hardware associated with this encryption algorithm. AES-NI provides improved performance during encryption and decryption processes as well as disk I/O enhancements while your disk is encrypted.

- Enhancement to force the encryption of boot drives, by policy. This includes forcing encryption if policy changed (for example, you previously did not have to encrypt boot drives, and your administrator modified policy to require encryption).

- In the Advanced screen of PGP BootGuard on Windows systems, the name of your system is now displayed. This information can be useful to your help desk if you need to use the Whole Disk Recovery Token in case you have forgotten your passphrase.

- Enhancements have been made to PGP BootGuard so you can use a virtual keyboard on your Tablet PC to enter your passphrase and authenticate at the PGP BootGuard screen. If you have docked your system or have an external keyboard connected directly to your system, you can also use that keyboard to authenticate. Refer to the system requirements for supported Tablet PCs.

- Enhancements made to PGP Desktop for Windows to add full support for USB 2.0 and EHCI controllers in PGP BootGuard. This enhancement adds support for smart card readers and tokens on new laptops based on the new Intel chipset.

Resolved Issues

For a list of issues that have been resolved in this release, please go to the PGP Support Portal and view Knowledge Base Article 1014.

System Requirements

PGP Desktop can be installed on systems running the following versions of Microsoft Windows operating systems:


Note: The above operating systems are supported only when all of the latest hot fixes and security patches from Microsoft have been applied.

PGP Whole Disk Encryption on Windows Servers

PGP Whole Disk Encryption (WDE) is supported on all client versions above as well as the following Windows Server versions:

- Windows Server 2003 SP 2 (32- and 64-bit editions); Windows Server 2008 SP 1 and 2 (32- and 64-bit editions); Windows Server 2008 R2 (32- and 64-bit editions)

For additional system requirements and best practices information on using PGP WDE on Windows Server systems, see PGP KB article 1737.

PGP Whole Disk Encryption on Tablet PCs

PGP Whole Disk Encryption is supported on Tablet PCs that meet the following additional requirements:

- Dell Latitude XT1 and XT2 Tablet PC Touch Screen Laptops (undocked)
- 1024 x 768 x 16 screen display running SVGA mode
**Hardware Requirements**

- 512 MB of RAM
- 64 MB hard disk space

**Compatible Email Client Software**

PGP Desktop for Windows will, in many cases, work with Internet-standards-based email clients other than those listed here. PGP Corporation, however, does not support the use of other clients.

PGP Desktop for Windows has been tested with the following email clients:

- Microsoft Outlook 2007 SP2 (Outlook 12)
- Microsoft Outlook 2003 SP3
- Microsoft Outlook XP SP3
- Microsoft Windows Mail 6.0.600.16386
- Microsoft Outlook Express 6 SP1
- Microsoft Windows Live Mail version 2009
- Mozilla Thunderbird 3.0
- Lotus Notes 7.04, 8.02, 8.5.1
- Novell GroupWise 6.5.3

**PGP Corporation Compatibility Status with Microsoft Exchange Server 2007**

PGP Corporation is pleased to announce compatibility with Microsoft’s new Exchange Server 2007. PGP Desktop 9.6 introduced support for Microsoft Exchange Server 2007 and Microsoft Office 2007. When used with Internet-standard PGP/MIME (RFC 3156) messages, full message fidelity is preserved for all secured messages.

With Exchange Server 2007, Microsoft has introduced a change in functionality that converts all messages to its internal MAPI format immediately upon processing, unlike previous versions of Exchange that supported the MIME standard for email. Exchange Server 2007, when both sending and receiving via non-MAPI clients, destroys MIME structures in email. However, PGP/MIME-encoded messages are fully compatible with this Microsoft transition even when MAPI is not in use. All messages sent between PGP Corporation’s MAPI clients are also fully compatible.

Please note that messages encoded using the legacy "PGP Partitioned" format may not always display HTML message content properly, and foreign character sets in such messages may not reproduce correctly when processed through Exchange Server 2007. If such messages are processed from non-MAPI clients, the server may delete some encrypted HTML body parts and remove non-ASCII character set information, thus resulting in messages that do not preserve full fidelity. If your organization currently uses the legacy PGP Partitioned encoding with non-MAPI clients, PGP Corporation recommends not upgrading to Exchange Server 2007 at this time. PGP Corporation is working with Microsoft to seek additional solutions for compatibility between Exchange Server and the MIME standard.

PGP Corporation will update the [Support Knowledge Base Article #713](#) as more information becomes available.

**Instant Messaging Client Compatibility**

PGP Desktop is compatible with the following instant messaging clients when encrypting AIM instant messages, file transfers, and direct connections:

- AOL AIM 6.5.5
  - To encrypt instant messages with AIM 6.5, you must change the default port that AIM uses from 493 to 5190.
  - Audio and video connections are not encrypted by PGP Desktop.
  - Continued interoperability with the AIM service may be affected by changes made to the underlying AIM protocols after PGP Desktop version 10.1 is released.

- Trillian 3.1 (Basic and Pro)

Other instant messaging clients may work for basic instant messaging, but have not been certified for use.
Anti-Virus Software Compatibility for Windows

In all anti-virus programs, enabling real-time scanning detects any viruses as the email or attachments are opened. Therefore, although it is recommended to disable email scanning for some of the anti-virus products listed below, your email is still being scanned and you are still being protected by your anti-virus product from viruses spread via email.

BitDefender Internet Security
- When using SMTP, POP, or IMAP, disable the Real-Time Protection feature or uninstall BitDefender. [13687]

AVG Anti-Virus 9.0
- PGP Desktop is not compatible with AVG Anti-Virus when run on a Windows 7 64-bit system. Email will not be decrypted when AVG is installed. [28094]

Computer Associates eTrust EZ-Antivirus 7.x
- Selective scanning is not compatible with PGP Desktop.

- This product is incompatible with PGP Desktop and should not be installed on the same system as PGP Desktop. [12023]

F-Secure AntiVirus, F-Secure Internet Security
- Disable the option to Scan and remove viruses from web traffic in the F-Secure settings. For more information, see PGP Support KB article 1767.

McAfee Internet Security Suite 2006, McAfee Internet Security Suite 2005, McAfee Internet Security 8.0, McAfee VirusScan 8.x through 10.x
- If email scanning is enabled, the email will not be processed by PGP Desktop. Disable email scanning in the McAfee product and enable real-time scanning.
- No additional special configuration requirements for MAPI email.
- When using McAfee VirusScan Enterprise 8.0i, disable Prevent mass mailing worms from sending mail in the Access Protection Properties dialog box of the VirusScan console. If this option is enabled, SMTP email will be blocked. To disable this option, right-click the McAfee icon in the System Tray and choose VirusScan Console. Double-click Access Protection. In the Access Protection dialog box, under Ports to block, deselect the box to Prevent mass mailing worms from sending mail (this option is enabled by default).
- When using McAfee Security Center 9.3, email will not be processed by PGP Desktop. Stop and disable the McAfee Proxy Service. This disables the McAfee Personal Information Protection and Parental Control but allows the PGP email proxy to process your email.

Panda Platinum 2005 Internet Security 9.x
- No special configuration required.

Sophos Anti-Virus
- No special configuration required.

- No special configuration required for MAPI email.
- When using POP email, enable Auto-Protec and disable the Antispam and Email Scanning options. Auto-Protec, which is enabled by default, provides protection against viruses in email messages when the message is opened.
- Disable SSL/TLS in Server Settings in PGP Desktop or PGP Universal Satellite. (In PGP Desktop, select the PGP Messaging Control Box and then choose Messaging > Edit Server Settings. For SSL/TLS, select Do Not Attempt. In PGP Universal Satellite, on the Policies tab, select Ignore SSL/TLS.) These versions of Norton
AntiVirus prevent all mail clients from using SSL/TLS, regardless of the use of PGP software.


- Disable email scanning.
- For Norton Internet Security users, disable **Norton Privacy Control** and **Spam Alert**.
- Disable SSL/TLS in Server Settings in PGP Desktop and PGP Universal Satellite. (In PGP Desktop, select the PGP Messaging Control Box and then choose **Messaging > Edit Server Settings**. For SSL/TLS, select **Do Not Attempt**. In PGP Universal Satellite, on the **Policies** tab, select **Ignore SSL/TLS**.) These versions of Norton AntiVirus prevent all mail clients from using SSL/TLS, regardless of the use of PGP software.

**Trend Micro Antivirus 12.x, Trend Micro PC-cillin Internet Security 2005**

- No special configuration required.

**Personal Firewall Compatibility**

PGP Desktop for Windows has been tested with the following personal firewall software:

- **Zone Alarm**: The Zone Alarm firewall, by default, restricts access to localhost. Because PGP Desktop redirects connections to localhost, this stops PGP Desktop from working correctly. To fix this, add localhost (127.0.0.1) as a trusted IP address in Zone Alarm (on the Firewall/Zones screen). Email proxying by PGP Desktop will work normally once this is accomplished. [6446]

- **CyberArmor Personal Firewall**: PGP Desktop 10.1 is not compatible with InfoExpress CyberArmor Personal Firewall versions 2.6.050802 or 3.2.050802 or prior. Before you install PGP Desktop, you must upgrade these versions: contact your helpline or the vendor (InfoExpress at support@infoexpress.com) for more information. [7010]

- **Webroot Desktop Firewall**: PGP Desktop is compatible with Webroot Desktop Firewall Version 5.8 only. Earlier versions of Webroot software are not compatible with PGP Desktop.

**Citrix and Terminal Services Compatibility**

PGP Desktop for Windows has been tested with the following terminal services software:

- Citrix Presentation Server 4.0
- Citrix Metaframe XP
- Windows 2003 Terminal Services

The following features of PGP Desktop for Windows are available in these environments, as specified:

- Email encryption is fully supported.
- PGP Zip functionality is fully supported.
- PGP Shred functionality is fully supported.
- PGP NetShare is fully supported.
- PGP Virtual Disks cannot be mounted at a drive letter over Citrix/TS, but can be mounted at directory mount points on NTFS volumes.
- PGP Whole Disk Encryption is not supported.
- Smart cards are not supported.

For information on how to install PGP Desktop on a Citrix server, see [PGP Support KB Article 832](#).

**Compatible Smart Cards and Tokens for PGP WDE BootGuard Authentication**

This section describes the system requirements (compatible smart cards/tokens and readers).

**Compatible Smart Card Readers for PGP WDE Authentication**

The following smart card readers are compatible when communicating to a smart card at pre-boot time. These readers can be used with any compatible removable smart card (it is not necessary to use the same brand of smart card and
Generic smart card readers

Most CCID smart card readers are compatible. The following readers have been tested by PGP Corporation:

- OMNIKEY CardMan 3121 USB for desktop systems (076b:3021)
- OMNIKEY CardMan 6121 USB for mobile systems (076b:6622)
- ActivIdentity USB 2.0 reader (09c3:0008)
- SCM Microsystem Smart Card Reader model SCR3311

CyberJack smart card readers

- Reiner SCT CyberJack pinpad (0c4b:0100).

ASE smart card readers

- Athena ASEDrive IIIe USB reader (0dc3:0802)

Embedded smart card readers

- Dell D430 embedded reader
- Dell D630 embedded reader
- Dell D830 embedded reader

Compatible Smart Cards or Tokens for PGP WDE Authentication

PGP Whole Disk Encryption is compatible with the following smart cards for pre-boot authentication:

- ActiveIdentity ActivClientCAC cards, 2005 model
- Aladdin eToken PRO 64K, 2048 bit RSA capable
- Aladdin eToken PRO USB Key 32K, 2048 bit RSA capable
- Aladdin eToken PRO without 2048 bit capability (older smart cards)
- Aladdin eToken PRO Java 72K
- Aladdin eToken NG-OTP 32K

Note: Other Aladdin eTokens, such as tokens with flash, should work provided they are APDU compatible with the compatible tokens. OEM versions of Aladdin eTokens, such as those issued by VeriSign, should work provided they are APDU compatible with the compatible tokens.

- Athena ASEKey Crypto USB Token
- Athena ASECard Crypto Smart Card

Note: The Athena tokens are compatible only for credential storage.

- Axalto Cyberflex Access 32K V2
- Charismathics Cryptoidentity plug 'n' crypt Smart Card only stick
- EMC RSA SecurID 800 Rev A, B, and D

Note: This token is compatible only for key storage. SecurID is not compatible.

- EMC RSA Smart Card 5200
- Marx CrypToken USB token
- Rainbow iKey 3000
- S-Trust StarCOS smart card

Note: S-Trust SECCOS cards are not compatible.

- SafeNet iKey 2032 USB token
- SafeNet 330 smart card
Installation Instructions

To install PGP Desktop on your Windows system

**Note:** You must have administrative rights on your system in order to install PGP Desktop.

1. Locate the PGP Desktop installer application and double-click it.
2. Follow the on-screen instructions.
3. If prompted to do so, restart your system.

For additional information, including upgrade instructions, see the *PGP Desktop for Windows User’s Guide*.

Licenses

PGP Desktop uses a licensing system to determine what features will be active. Depending on the license you have, some or all PGP Desktop features will be active. Consult your PGP administrator if you have questions about what features are available with your license.

Use the Setup Assistant to enter your PGP Desktop license after installation. If you are in a domain protected by a PGP Universal Server, your PGP administrator may have configured your PGP Desktop installer with a license.

The PGP Desktop features that will be active on your system depend on the type of license you have:

- **PGP Desktop Professional 10.1** includes PGP Desktop Email and PGP Whole Disk Encryption.
- **PGP Desktop Storage 10.1** includes PGP Whole Disk Encryption and PGP NetShare.
- **PGP Desktop Enterprise 10.1** includes PGP Desktop Email, PGP Whole Disk Encryption and PGP NetShare.

You can also use PGP Desktop without a license, but for **non-commercial use only**. Commercial use of PGP Desktop without a license is a violation of the End-User License Agreement (EULA). If you choose to use PGP Desktop without a license (and you are legally permitted to do so under the EULA for non-commercial use), most PGP Desktop features will not work; only basic functionality will be available.

For more information about PGP Desktop licensing and purchase options, go to the **PGP Store**.

Additional Information

**General**

- **Japanese characters and Current Window/Clipboard processing:** The Current Window/Clipboard encryption and decryption features do not support ISO-2022-JP. [7489]
- **Compatibility with Oracle applications:** If you encounter problems with Oracle application using Oracle JInitiator you may be able to use the latest version of the Sun Java Runtime Environment to run your Oracle applications. [15542]
- **Compatibility with Google Desktop:** PGP Desktop is compatible with Google Desktop installed if you disable the option in Google Desktop to index mail. For more information, see **PGP Support KB Article 958**. [16286, 18499]
- **Windows XP Password Changes:** PGP Desktop relies on the Microsoft Data Protection API (DPAPI) to secure user enrollment data. Windows XP SP2 users may lose access to this enrollment information due to a known issue in SP2. Users affected by this Microsoft issue should upgrade to Windows XP SP3 and re-enroll. For more information, see **Microsoft KB article 890951**. [20852]

**Personal Identity Verification (PIV) cards**

- Oberthur ID-One Cosmo V5.2D personal identity verification cards using ActivClient version 6.1 client software.
- Giesecke and Devrient Sm@rtCafe Expert 3.2 personal identity verification cards using ActivClient version 6.1 client software.
- **Windows Password Changes**: To ensure proper operation for a variety of PGP functions, including SSO and SKM keys, Windows passwords should never be changed using the "net user" command in Windows command prompt. [22825]

**PGP Keys**
- **RSA SecurID SID800**: The RSA SecurID SID800 only supports SHA-1. When generating a key on the RSA SecurID SID800, modify the key properties by clicking the Advanced button, and under Hashes select only SHA-1. If a key has already been generated, get the Key Properties, edit the set of supported Hashes, and select only SHA-1. [14861]
- **GemPlus Smart Cards**: GemPlus smart cards only support SHA-1. When generating a key on GemPlus smart cards, modify the key properties by clicking the Advanced button, and under Hashes select only SHA-1. If a key has already been generated, get the Key Properties, edit the set of supported Hashes, and select only SHA-1. [15681, 16603]
- **Athena Tokens**: When creating 2048-bit PGP keys to be used with Athena tokens, you cannot copy the PGP key to the token. You can, however, create the 2048-bit key directly on the token. [24861]
- **Interoperability with older versions of PGP Desktop**: PGP Desktop 9.0.X does not have support for DSA key sizes greater than 1024 bits. Users of PGP Desktop 9.0.X cannot properly view the properties of such keys, or create signatures with them, or verify signatures made by them. If interoperability with this version is important, use RSA keys, or DSA keys of 1024 bits. [27905]

**PGP Messaging**
- **Thunderbird Email Sent to BlackBerry Users**: If your Thunderbird email client is set to send email in HTML-only format, and the message is encrypted by either PGP Universal Server or PGP Desktop before it arrives at the BES gateway, the recipient will be unable to view the email message on his or her BlackBerry. To work around this issue, configure your Thunderbird email client so that it does not send HTML-only messages. [16273]
- **MAPI and Message policies**: Policies based on the condition "Message is <x>" are not currently supported with MAPI. [9448]
- **Legacy Messages Encrypted to Non-Roman Character Sets**: The Current Window and Clipboard decryption functionality has been enhanced to detect a UTF-8 character set conversion failure. In that event, the content will be decrypted to the system's local code page instead. Note that legacy messages from PGP Desktop version 8 and below did not support proper character set identification, and thus the local code page may not be correct either. If you encounter such legacy messages decrypting to an incorrect character set from the clipboard, you may need to use third-party tools to convert the resulting character set to the correct one. [11889, 19679]
- **PGP Desktop 8.x and international characters**: Note that PGP Desktop 8.x did not support international characters in message body content. To use languages other than English in your message content, please ensure your correspondents are using at least PGP 9.0.0 or above. In some cases, you may be able to cause PGP Desktop 8.x or below to create a proper message by forcing the use of the UTF-8 character set. [11257, 11888]
- **Adding comments to secured messages**: To ensure proper display of comments added to secured messages per the Add a comment to secured messages option, PGP Corporation recommends using ASCII text in the Comment field. [11127]
- **Encrypt Current Window functionality in Microsoft Windows 7**: Due to increased security provisions in Microsoft Windows 7, some applications do not allow encrypted text to be automatically pasted when using the Encrypt Current Window functionality in PGP Desktop. You will have to manually paste the encrypted text into the message. [27144]
- **S/MIME Messages**:
  - **S/MIME-signed email messages**: PGP Messaging may not process S/MIME signed emails if the signing X.509 certificate is not included in the email. The certificate is almost always included with the email unless the sender turns off this option. If the message is not processed by PGP, it may still be processed by the mail client application. [9489, 9491]
  - **S/MIME and MAPI**: S/MIME users who intend to use S/MIME with MAPI should ensure that they have an X.509 certificate attached to their keys; otherwise, it is possible that these messages when saved in the Sent Items folder cannot be processed by PGP Desktop. [9858]
Microsoft Outlook:

- **Using rules to move messages to a mail folder in Microsoft Outlook.** Messages that have been stored in Outlook 2003 or 2007 as encrypted are unencrypted when moved to a mail folder when a message rule is created and applied. To workaround this issue, either create the message rule before messages are received in your inbox, or manually drag the messages to the folder. [27255]

- **Microsoft Outlook:** Messages that have been processed by PGP Desktop cannot be modified from the Microsoft Outlook Outbox. [20269]

- **Microsoft Outlook and ESET Antivirus.** When using Microsoft Outlook on a system on which ESET Antivirus is installed, you may encounter a delay when opening Outlook. [22192]

- **MAPI/Exchange users and inline objects:** If you are a MAPI/Exchange user, and you are sending messages containing embedded content in a proprietary format (inline objects), PGP Desktop will secure the complete message. This will cause inline objects to be readable/viewable only by recipients in a MAPI/Exchange environment. [5530]

- **Outlook MAPI:** If you are using Outlook in a MAPI environment, use the PGP Log to confirm the validity of PGP signature annotations in message bodies unless the message was decrypted by your PGP Universal Server, which will do this for you. [6819, 7304]

- **Outlook Connector for Notes:** The Outlook Connector for Notes that allows an Outlook client to emulate a Lotus Notes client is not supported. [7567]

- **MAPI Email on Windows Vista:** After upgrading from Windows XP to Windows Vista without reinstalling PGP Desktop, MAPI messages are sent in the clear and existing encrypted messages are not decrypted. When you upgrade your operating system to Windows Vista, PGP Corporation recommends that you first uninstall PGP Desktop, upgrade your operating system, and then reinstall PGP Desktop. [13119]

- **MAPI email on Windows 2008 Server R2 systems:** PGP Desktop Email does not work on Windows 2008 Server R2 systems unless you set the RequireSignedAppInit_DLLs registry key to 0 (found in HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows). For more information, see the Microsoft MSDN article [AppName_DLLs in Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2]. [25507]

Lotus Notes:

- **Lotus Notes and disabled users:** When a user has been disabled, email sent by the user is initially blocked. To work around this issue, send the email again and email is sent in the clear, as expected. [12234]

- **Lotus Notes and disabled users:** When a user has been disabled, and then re-enabled, the user must restart Lotus Notes to send encrypted email. [12236]

- **Japanese Notes IDs:** Due to the way that Lotus Notes creates SMTP addresses from the user ID, accounts with Japanese user IDs may display incorrectly or be truncated in some dialog boxes in PGP Desktop. This does not interfere with the operation of PGP Desktop or delivery of the user's email. [12913]

- **POP:** Verizon POP accounts return an incorrect response when connecting to the POPS/SMTPS ports if you have not purchased Verizon's Silver/Gold services. In this situation you must set the ports manually to 110/25 in the Policy user interface for the account, respectively, to avoid connecting to the normal ports. [NBN]

- **SMTP:** Activate SMTP AUTH in your email client if it is not currently active. [NBN]

- **PGP Messaging license change:** If you change the license for PGP Desktop from a license that does not support the PGP Messaging feature (PGP Whole Disk Encryption for Enterprises, for example) to a license that does support PGP Messaging, you must stop and restart the PGP Services once the new license is accepted. This ensures that PGP Desktop can properly protect your messages. To stop the PGP Services, click the PGP Tray icon and choose Exit PGP Services. To restart the services, choose Start > Programs > PGP > PGP Desktop. [8107, 12200]

- **Instant Messaging:**

  - **Multiple AIM connections:** If your system has multiple ways to access the AIM service (LAN and wireless network accesses, for example), and you lose your connection to AIM but the AIM server doesn't see the connection as lost, and your IM client accesses the AIM service again using the other network access, the AIM server will see you as signed in to the same AIM account from two locations. This will cause PGP Desktop to disable the AIM proxy because of the error condition and the AIM server will display a message telling you that your account is logged in from two different locations. To solve this problem, simply reply to the message from the AIM server with a 1. The old AIM session will be discontinued and
PGP Desktop will encrypt the remaining AIM session. [NBN]

- **Compatibility with AIM 6.5**: PGP Desktop does not secure instant messages when the English (released) version of AIM 6.5 is run on 64-bit Windows XP or Windows Vista operating systems, or any German or Japanese operating systems. [16393]

**PGP NetShare**

- **Compatibility with SmartFTP**: SmartFTP from SmartSoft Ltd. cannot be used to download files into a folder protected by PGP NetShare. Use the built-in Windows FTP client instead. [17942]

- **Windows Links**: PGP NetShare does not follow Windows links (.lnk files), including such links as "My Network Places". Adding a folder to PGP NetShare that is actually a link will protect the link file and not the desired location. [13339]

- **Using PGP NetShare with Windows Vista**: On Windows Vista systems, adding new folders to a PGP NetShare Protected Folder using the drag-and-drop method is not supported in this release. This issue does not occur with Windows Vista SP1. [12506]

- **Using PGP NetShare with Windows Vista 64-bit**: The PGP NetShare properties tab is not available on 64-bit versions Windows Vista. [17622]

- **Software incompatibility with the PGP NetShare feature**: The following programs are incompatible with PGP NetShare:
  - Securewave Sanctuary Device Control 3.0.3. To use PGP Desktop with Sanctuary Device Control, it is necessary to upgrade the Securewave software to version 4.1 or later. [12850]
  - CommVault System Data Migrator. To use PGP Desktop with Data Migrator, it is necessary to unregister the PGP NetShare DLL (at the command prompt, type `regsvr32 /u PGPfssh1.dll`). [12016]

- **Whitelisted Applications**: Application whitelists are applications that your PGP Universal Server administrator has defined so that all files created by the application are forced to be encrypted. Files created by these whitelisted applications are locked (requiring authentication to access) after you log off or shut down your system. [17491]

- **Using PGP NetShare and SharePoint with Windows Vista 64-bit**: The PGP NetShare shortcut menu is not available on 64-bit versions Windows Vista systems when viewing a folder within SharePoint. To access the shortcut menu, view the folder using Windows Explorer. [19421]

- **Accessing newly protected PGP NetShare protected folders**: On Microsoft Windows 7 64-bit systems, you may encounter an error when you attempt to access a protected folder on a WebDav system. To work around this issue, clear the message dialog box and try again. [24301]

- **Mapped local drives**: Do not map a local drive on Microsoft Windows Vista, Windows 7, or Windows Server 2008 and then encrypt the contents of a folder on the mapped drive. Doing so could cause your data to become corrupted. [27680]

- **Symbols in Active Directory groups**: Certain characters that are allowed when creating Active Directory groups can cause PGP NetShare to fail on encryption or re-encryption, or searches. Do not use the pound, percent, or left/right parentheses -- #, %, (, or) -- when creating Active Directory groups. [26336]

**PGP Portable**

- **PGP Portable and Microsoft Office 2003**: PGP Portable is compatible with Microsoft Office 2003 when Office Service Pack 3 is installed. [21854]

- **PGP Portable and Microsoft Office 2003**: Microsoft Office 2003 documents cannot currently be added to a PGP Portable Disk when the disk is being created on a Windows Vista system. [21697]

- **Accessing Data on Windows XP systems**: Mounting a PGP Portable Disk on Windows XP will fail with a "Not Connected" error if another process is already using port 80. [21869]

- **Creating new Word documents on a PGP Portable Disk**: When creating a new Microsoft Word file on a mounted PGP Portable Disk on Windows XP (right-clicking the mounted PGP Portable Disk and selecting **New > File > Microsoft Word Document**), the resulting zero-byte Word file is read-only. To edit the file, save it as a new name (on the PGP Portable Disk). [21680]

- **Adding Data on Windows XP Systems**: In order to add data to a PGP Portable Disk on a Windows XP system, set the local security policy for **Allowed to format and eject removable media** to **Administrator and Interactive Users**. [21975]

- **Disk Space Requirements**: When copying large files to a PGP Portable disk, ensure that you have sufficient
space available on your local drive. The amount of space needed is equivalent to the amount of data being copied to the PGP Portable disk. [21595]

- **PGP Portable Passphrases**: Japanese characters are not currently supported for passphrases when creating a new PGP Portable Disk or changing the passphrase on an existing disk. [21717]

- **PGP Portable Disk File Names**: When creating a PGP Portable Disk, the combination of file name and folder name(s) cannot exceed 240 characters. [21816]

- **PGP Portable and Trend Micro Antivirus**: To create a PGP Portable Disk on Windows XP systems where Trend Micro Antivirus is installed, stop or disable all Trend Micro services before creating the PGP Portable Disk. You can start or re-enable the services after the disk has been created. This issue does not occur on Windows 7 64-bit systems. [26091]

- **Copying large files**: On Microsoft Windows XP systems, there is a known limitation with the Microsoft WebDav redirector so that you can only copy files that are smaller than 2GB in size. Files larger than 2GB appear to be copied but result in a zero-byte file. On Windows Vista and Windows 7 systems, you may need to adjust the file limits for temporary files in **Sync Center > Manage Offline Files and Folders** to match the size of the files you are copying. [27501]

**PGP Shred**

- **Shredding (wiping small files)**: Shredding small files (under 1 K) on some NTFS-formatted disks can leave remnants of the file behind due to an NTFS optimization that stores file data in internal data structures for very small files. These structures are not considered free space even after deleting a file, and thus they also will not be shredded using PGP Desktop’s Shred Free Space feature. In addition, NTFS supports Journaling, which can save shredded file data in an internal operating system cache. For the highest security shredding on NTFS disks, we recommend starting your system from an OS on a different partition and using PGP Desktop’s option in the Shred Free Space feature to overwrite these NTFS data structures (the **Shred NTFS internal data structures** checkbox). This does not affect FAT32 or other supported file systems. [NBN]

- **Shredding sparse files**: Sparse files, commonly used for disk images, database snapshots, log files and in scientific applications, cannot be securely deleted using PGP Shred. [21255]

- **Automatic shredding**: Automatically shred when emptying the Recycle Bin/Trash is not compatible with the Windows built-in CD burning software. [22794]

- **Shredding on systems running Microsoft Windows 7**: Depending on where the files are located, you may not be able to shred more than 16 files at a time. To shred more than 16 files, either move them to a folder (then right-click the folder and select **PGP Desktop > PGP Shred [folder name]**), or shred the files in multiple operations. [26835]

**PGP Viewer**

- **Lotus Notes**: Due to the design of Lotus Notes architecture, an encrypted message cannot be dragged from Lotus Notes email client and dropped into PGP Viewer to be decrypted. [23384]

- **Viewing Sign-Only Emails with Shift-JIS**: Outlook Express or Windows Mail messages signed using Shift-JIS cannot be verified using PGP Viewer. This issue does not occur if the message was encrypted and signed. [22870]

- **S/MIME Messages**: S/MIME-encrypted messages cannot be decrypted by PGP Viewer in this release. [22022]

- **Displaying Decrypted Messages**: If you drag an item to PGP Viewer and the message does not appear, restart PGP Viewer and drag the item again. [22215]

- **Copying Email Messages to Inbox**: When copying a Microsoft Outlook 2003 email message to your inbox using PGP Viewer, the date/time stamp on the message is changed to the current date/time. [24355]

- **Viewing MAPI Email**: Microsoft Outlook messages opened within PGP Viewer will display Unmatched Address in the field: field. [24703]

- **Cancelling the passphrase prompt**: If you drag an item to PGP Viewer and then click **Cancel** when prompted to enter your passphrase, you will need to restart PGP Viewer again. This is required so that you can then enter your passphrase in order to decrypt messages. [25390]

- **PGP Viewer with Outlook Express on Microsoft Windows XP 64-bit systems**: On Microsoft Windows XP 64-bit systems, you cannot use the **Copy to Inbox** option after dragging and dropping a message onto PGP Viewer when your default mail program is Outlook Express. [23815]
PGP Virtual Disk

- **Using with Personal Certificate-based Keys**: In order to mount a PGP Virtual Disk that is secured with a personal certificate-based key, note that you should not enter a passphrase when prompted in the PGP Enter Passphrase dialog box, but instead click Enter. [14762]

- **Existing NTFS PGP Virtual Disks and Windows Vista**: NTFS disks created under Windows XP may not be properly handled by Windows Vista. For best results, create NTFS disks in Windows Vista. A future Microsoft update is expected to resolve this Windows issue. [12644]

PGP Whole Disk Encryption

- **Hibernating on Windows 7 and Windows Vista systems**: You might run into problems with hibernation after you encrypt your disk. When that happens, simply delete the hibernation file on resume and continue to boot into Windows. This problem will only occur once after encryption. To avoid the problem, do a reboot after disk encryption is done. [22706, 27274]

- **Backwards compatibility**: Disks encrypted with this version of PGP WDE can only be accessed with this same version of PGP WDE for Mac OS X or versions 9.9.0 and up of PGP WDE for Windows. [19875]

- **PGP WDE Evaluation Licenses**: If you are using PGP WDE with an evaluation license in a managed PGP Universal Server environment, please ensure you obtain a valid license prior to the expiration of your evaluation license. This will prevent the automatic decryption of your disk upon expiration of the evaluation license. [16445]

- **PGP WDE Authentication**: The Activelidentity ActivClientCAC model 2002 smart card is not compatible in this release. To use the ActiveClient CAC card, use model 2005. [16259]

- **Passphrase Recovery**: Token users who use passphrase recovery when authenticating at PGP BootGuard will be prompted to change their passphrase. This prompt can be ignored as your PIN will not be changed even if you enter text in the dialog or click Cancel. [24335]

- **Passphrase Recovery**: Passphrase recovery is only available for encrypted boot disks. [24510]

- **Passphrase Recovery**: If you use the Forgot Passphrase option at the PGP BootGuard screen and enter an incorrect user name, you will need to click Cancel to return to the PGP BootGuard screen and then select Forgot Passphrase again. [24825]

- **PGP WDE and Smart Card Readers**: When using a smart card reader with a built-in PIN pad, the correct PIN may not be accepted the first time it is entered on the pad, and you will be prompted to provide the PIN again. When this message appears, click OK without entering the anything. This will either allow the PIN to be accepted or will transfer control to the PIN pad of the smart card reader, where you can enter the PIN again. [16143]

- **PGP WDE and SSO**: When you add an SSO user to PGP WDE, be sure that there are no leading spaces in the user's name (for example, "acameron"). If the SSO user's name has a leading space, you will receive an error message that there was a login failure. [26995]

- **PGP WDE and SSO**: If you encounter problems with synchronizing a Windows password change on a Windows XP system, follow the steps below to correct the issue: [17269]
  1. On your Windows Desktop, right-click My Network Places and select Properties from the shortcut menu.
  2. Select Advanced > Advanced Settings.
  3. Select the Provider Order tab.
  4. Rearrange the order of the providers so PGPPwflt is listed above the Intel card.
  5. Click OK.

You can also modify the .msi installation file. Use the PGP_SET_HW ORDER=1 command to place PGPPwflt in the first of the list. For example, run the .msi installation file using the following command:

```
msiexec /i pgpdesktop.msi PGP_SET_HWORDER=1
```
- **PGP WDE SSO on Novell Networks**: The Single Sign-On feature of PGP WDE does not work on Windows Vista systems running Novell Network Client. Once you have authenticated at the PGP Bootguard screen you will need to enter your password again to start Windows Vista. [16688]

- **PGP WDE SSO on Novell Networks**: When using the Single Sign-On feature of PGP WDE on Windows Vista systems running Novell Network Client, offline users receive a Novell Security Message stating the "tree or server cannot be found." To continue logging in to Windows, click Yes, and the login proceeds normally. [16995]

- **TPM Support**: We are in the process of validating many different TPM implementations. We are interested in your test results on any additional TPM systems. [14666]

- **Token Authentication**: Token authentication in PGP BootGuard requires pressing CTRL+ENTER instead of just Enter. Users may also experience some delay during the authentication of tokens in PGP BootGuard. [14792, 16466]

- **PGP WDE and USB Two-Factor Authentication**: If you have created a passphrase user with a USB flash drive and encrypted your boot disk, when you reboot you may find that the USB device is not recognized at the PGP BootGuard screen. You can still authenticate at the PGP BootGuard screen using just the passphrase, however. If you want to use two-factor authentication, you will need to decrypt your disk, then create another passphrase user using another USB flash device, and then re-encrypt your boot disk. [16577]

- **External Disks and Two-Factor Authentication**: If you have encrypted an external disk with both a passphrase user and a token user, you must insert the token prior to connecting the external disk. [19013]

- **Aladdin Smartcards**: Aladdin Smartcards do not properly generate 2048-bit keys using Aladdin software version 4.5.52, and such keys cannot be used for PGP WDE pre-boot authentication. PGP Corporation is working with Aladdin to correct this issue. Note that Aladdin tokens do not have this issue. [16699]

- **Athena ASECard Crypto Cards**: The Athena ASECard Crypto Card is not compatible with OmniKey readers for pre-boot authentication. Use a different compatible reader with Athena smart cards for pre-boot authentication. [18283]

- **Upgrading**: The PGP BootGuard screen is not updated immediately after you upgrade to PGP Desktop 10.1. To display the updated PGP BootGuard screen (containing new login and keyboard options), reboot your system a second time. [NBN]

- **Removable drive encryption**: Certain types of removable flash devices cannot be encrypted with the vendor-supplied format. They must be formatted within Windows prior to encrypting. [12362]

- **Removable drive encryption**: If both Automatically Encrypt Boot Disk Upon Installation and Force Encryption of Removable Disk are enabled by policy, you may encounter an error when inserting a USB disk while a fixed disk is being encrypted. To work around this issue, wait until the encryption process has completed on the fixed disk. [12167]

- **PGP WDE and Hibernation**: When resuming from Hibernation, an extra domain password prompt may appear even if Single Sign-on is active. [9935]

- **Using PGP WDE-Protected Removable Disks with PGP Desktop 9.0, 9.5, or 9.6**: Disks encrypted with PGP Desktop 9.0, 9.5, or 9.6 can be used on a PGP Desktop 9.7 or later system, and work as expected. However, if you make any changes to the disk using PGP Desktop 9.5 or 9.6 software (such as changing the passphrase, adding or removing users, and so on), the disk will no longer function on the PGP Desktop 9.0 system. [11610, 11845]

- **Disk Recovery**: As a best practice, if you need to perform any disk recovery activities on a disk protected with PGP Whole Disk Encryption (WDE), PGP Corporation recommends that you first decrypt the disk (by using the PGP Desktop Disk > Decrypt option, your prepared PGP WDE Recovery Disk, or by connecting the hard disk via a USB cable to a second system and decrypting from that system's PGP Desktop software). Once the disk is decrypted, proceed with your recovery activities. [NBN]

- **Using PGP WDE with Norton Ghost 9 or 10**: Ghost is compatible with fully encrypted disks. Ghost sometimes exhibits errors when used to make backups within the Windows OS of partially encrypted disks. To recover from an error like this, reboot the system and perform a Windows chkdsk when the system restarts. Ghost should be functional again. [13004]

- **Compatibility of older-version PGP WDE recovery disks**: PGP WDE recovery disks are compatible only with the version of PGP Desktop that created the recovery CD. For example, if you attempt to use a 9.0 recovery disk to decrypt a disk protected with PGP WDE version 9.5 or later, it will render the PGP WDE disk inoperable. [10556]

- **Preparing for disk encryption**: Errors when attempting to encrypt your disk are often caused by bad sectors on a hard disk. These can frequently be corrected with third-party products which repair and ensure the health of
your disk. The Windows CHKDSK program may resolve the issue in some instances, but more comprehensive programs such as SpinRite from Gibson Research Corporation (http://www.grc.com) are often required. Additionally, if your disk is seriously fragmented, PGP Corporation recommends that you defragment your disk prior to encryption using the Windows Disk Defragmenter. [10561]

- **PGP WDE and Dell systems boot diagnostics:** (Dell systems only) Advanced boot diagnostics that are normally accessible by pressing F12 during the boot process are not available on disks encrypted with PGP WDE. To run advanced boot diagnostics using F12, first decrypt the disk, and then run diagnostics. [12120]

- **Software incompatibility with the PGP Whole Disk Encryption feature:** Certain programs are incompatible with the PGP Whole Disk Encryption feature; do not install these products on a system with PGP Desktop, and do not install PGP Desktop on a system with these products installed:
  - Faronics Deep Freeze (any edition) [15443]
  - Utimaco Safeguard Easy 3.x. [8010]
  - Hard disk encryption products from GuardianEdge Technologies: Encryption Anywhere Hard Disk and Encryption Plus Hard Disk products, formerly known as PC Guardian products. [12005, 12065]
  - Safeboot Solo co-exists on the system but blocks PGP WDE.
  - SecureStar SCPP co-exists on the system but blocks PGP WDE.
  - Wave Systems’ Dell Embassy Trust Suite co-exists on the system but causes the system to slow down. [19297]

- **PGP WDE Recovery Tokens:** In a Universal-managed environment, if a disk is encrypted with PGP Whole Disk Encryption prior to enrollment with PGP Universal, the **Automatically Encrypt boot disk upon installation** must be selected on the PGP Universal Server for the Whole Disk Recovery Token (WDRT) to be uploaded to the PGP Universal Server; otherwise the token will not be automatically uploaded when the system is enrolled with PGP Universal. [12183]

- **IBM Fingerprint Software:** PGP Desktop is compatible with the IBM ThinkVantage fingerprint software version 5.6.1 or later. [13786]

- **PGP WDE SSO:** When using PGP WDE SSO, PGP Corporation recommends that organizations enable the Microsoft Group Policy option **Always wait for the network at computer startup and logon**. This ensures that password expiration and forced changes happen as soon as possible. For more information regarding this setting, see the following Microsoft Knowledgebase articles. [14142]
  - http://support.microsoft.com/kb/305293

- **Modifying the system partition:** Do not make any changes to the system partition on a boot disk that has been encrypted by PGP WDE; it will fail to boot properly on the next startup. If you must make changes to the partitioning of an encrypted disk, decrypt the disk first and then make the partition changes.

- **Using CHKDSK:** CHKDSK may report errors in a file called PGPWDE01 when checking a disk that has been encrypted with PGP Whole Disk Encryption. This file is protected by PGP Whole Disk Encryption and such errors can be ignored. [20197]

- **Using Maximum CPU Usage to encrypt removable disks:** Removable disks cannot be encrypted using the Maximum CPU Usage option, even though this option can be selected. [24286]

- **PGP WDE on Lenovo Ideapad systems:** PGP WDE is incompatible on Lenovo Ideapad S10-2 systems running Microsoft Windows XP. PGP WDE is compatible when running Windows 7 on these systems. [24082]

- **Operating system updates during encryption:** While your disk is encrypting, do not accept any operating system updates if they are offered. If the update occurs automatically, do not restart your computer until the encryption process has completed. [25451, 25612]

- **Compatibility with Sony VAIO laptops:** PGP WDE is compatible with Windows XP running on Sony VAIO laptops running Sony BIOS version T4350M3 only. All other BIOS versions are incompatible. This is a known issue at Sony. [23556]

- **Entering Full Width Japanese Alphabet Characters For Passphrase Recovery:** When you have forgotten your passphrase and you have answered the questions in order to enable passphrase recovery, you can now enter full-width Japanese Alphabet characters. To do this, at the PGP BootGuard, select **Forgot Passphrase**. The first character must be entered as an uppercase character to begin. Enter the uppercase character and then either press Enter (to accept the character) or press the spacebar two times to select the lowercase character. (When creating the questions in PGP Desktop, be sure that you have enabled Full Width in the Japanese IME.) [26228]
Using numeric keypads. Use only the US keyboard layout when using the numeric keypad on your keyboard to create and/or enter your passphrase for PGP BootGuard. [25673]

Using PGP WDE on Dell XT2 Tablet PCs:
- EISA recovery partitions existing on the Dell Latitude XT2 Tablet PCs are displayed as an Unknown partition when viewed in PGP Universal Server. [26669]
- Use of the CTRL, Rotate Screen, and Tool/Settings buttons on the Dell Latitude XT2 Tablet PC while the PGP BootGuard screen is displayed results in a PGP BootGuard halting unexpectedly. [26564]
- Use of the PGP WDE Recovery CD with a virtual keyboard is not supported in this release. A physical keyboard is supported. [26614]

Encrypting Mac OS X formatted external drives with PGP WDE for Windows. A drive that is created under Mac OS X using GPT (GUID Partition Table) can be mounted and used on Microsoft Windows systems, but the drive cannot be encrypted using PGP WDE for Windows. To work around this issue, either format the disk using MBR Partition or encrypt the disk under Mac OS X. [26460]

PGP Zip
- PGP Zip and PGP NetShare: On Windows Vista, creating a PGP Zip archive of a folder added to PGP NetShare is not supported. [17058]
- Self-decrypting archives: When the recipient of a self-decrypting archive (SDA) decrypts it, all dialog boxes that PGP Desktop displays are in English, regardless of what version of PGP Desktop—English, German, or Japanese—was used to create the SDA and regardless of what language your system is currently running. This applies only to the dialog boxes that appear; file names and the content of the SDA are not affected. [7144]
- Compatibility with AVG Anti-Virus: To create a PGP Zip SDA on systems running AVG Anti-Virus software, you must be using AVG Anti-Virus version 8.0 or later. If you are using an earlier version of AVG Anti-Virus, disable heuristic analysis in the RESIDENT SHIELD if you want to create PGP Zip SDAs. [16488]

Getting Assistance

Contact Information

Contacting Technical Support
- To learn about PGP support options and how to contact PGP Technical Support, please visit the PGP Corporation Support Home Page.
- To access the PGP Support Knowledge Base or request PGP Technical Support, please visit PGP Support Portal Web Site. Note that you may access portions of the PGP Support Knowledge Base without a support agreement; however, you must have a valid support agreement to request Technical Support.
- To access the PGP Support forums, please visit PGP Support. These are user community support forums hosted by PGP Corporation.

Contacting Customer Service
- For help with orders, downloads, and licensing, please visit PGP Corporation Customer Service.

Contacting Other Departments
- For any other contacts at PGP Corporation, please visit PGP Contacts Page.
- For general information about PGP Corporation, please visit the PGP Web Site.

Available Documentation

Prior to installation, complete Product Documentation is available through the PGP Corporation Support Portal.

Unless otherwise noted, online help is installed and is available within the PGP Desktop product. Release notes are also available, which may have last-minute information not found in the product documentation. The users guide and quick start guides, provided as Adobe Acrobat PDF files, are available on the Documentation section on the PGP Support Portal.

Once PGP Desktop is released, additional information regarding the product is entered into the online Knowledge Base.
available on the PGP Support Portal Web Site.

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